

contacts;

(b) measuring current pulse or pulses generated as a result of said applying of said voltage pulse waveforms; and

(c) repeating said steps of applying of said voltage pulse waveforms and of measuring of said current pulse for each receptor.

34. The method according to Claim 33, further including, in case of absence of said current pulse, steps of:

(i) pouring individual elements onto said different substrate;

(ii) again using gravational forces and/or vibrational energy to place the poured individual elements into open receptors formed in said different substrate

(iii) removing of unreceived and/or improperly received individual elements;

(iv) applying said voltage pulse waveforms to selected ones of the electrically conductive contacts;

(v) measuring for said current pulse or pulses; and

(vi) repeating said steps (i)-(v) until all said receptors are properly filled with said individual elements.

Please amend the title to read as follows:

A Method of Placing Elements into Receptors in a Substrate

Remarks:

As indicated above, the claims currently of record have been amended slightly to correct minor editorial errors noted therein. These amendments in no way narrow the scope of the currently

pending claims. New claims have been added in light of the Examiner's stated reasons for allowance of the currently pending claims.

Reconsideration of this application as amended is respectfully requested.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required or credit overpayment to deposit account no. 12-0415. In particular, if this response is not timely filed, then the Commissioner is authorized to treat this response as including a petition to extend the time period pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136 (a) requesting an extension of time of the number of months necessary to make this response timely filed and the petition fee due in connection therewith may be charged to deposit account no. 12-0415

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C., 20231 on

January 10, 2003
(Date of Deposit)

Ross A. Schmitt
(Name of Applicant, Assignee
or Registered Representative)

(Signature)

January 10, 2003
(Date)

Respectfully submitted,

Ross A. Schmitt
Attorney for Applicant
Reg. No.: 42,529
LADAS & PARRY
5670 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 2100
Los Angeles, California 90036
(323) 934-2300

Appendix A - Marked claims to show changes made

1. (Amended) A method for transferring circuit elements originally supported by an original substrate to locations on a new substrate, said method comprising steps of:
 - (a) providing said original substrate with a release member disposed upon a surface of said original substrate, said circuit elements being fabricated on a top surface of said release member;
 - (b) defining individual elements about said circuit elements, said individual elements preferably having a conical frustum-shaped configuration;
 - [(d)] (c) fabricating a first set of electrically conductive contacts on a surface of said individual elements, said first set of electrically conductive contacts being preferably concentrically disposed rings defining space therebetween;
 - [(e)] (d) freeing said [conical frustum-shaped] individual elements by removing said release member;
 - [(f)] (e) defining [frustum-shaped individual element] receptors in said new substrate, said receptors having a bottom surface and sloping side walls, said receptors being sized to receive said [conical frustum-shaped] individual elements;
 - [(g)] (f) fabricating a second set of electrically conductive contacts on said bottom surface, said second set of electrically conductive contacts being concentrically disposed rings defining space therebetween, said second set of electrically conductive contacts
-

arranged so as to match said first set of electrically conductive contacts when one of said [frustum-shaped] individual elements is received in one of said [frustum-shaped individual element] receptors;

[(h)] ~~(g)~~ applying an electrically conductive substance inside said receptors so as to cover at least the electrically conductive contacts on said bottom surface of said receptors, said electrically conductive substance exhibiting increased conductivity in a direction normal to said bottom of said receptors;

[(i) raising] ~~(h)~~ inclining said new substrate [to an incline], with one end of said new substrate being higher than an opposite end of said new substrate;

[(j)] ~~(i)~~ pouring [said] freed [frustum-shaped] individual elements onto the higher end of the surface of said new substrate having said receptors and shaking said new substrate so that free [frustum-shaped] individual elements fall or roll down the inclined new substrate and are received in said receptors and said rings of said first set of electrically conductive contacts being brought into conductive contact with corresponding rings of said second set of electrically conductive contacts by the electrically conductive substance inside said receptors; and

[(k)] ~~(j)~~ removing unreceived and/or improperly received [frustum-shaped] individual elements which have fallen or rolled down to said opposite end of the inclined new substrate from said surface of said new substrate.

2. (Amended) The method of claim 1 further including the steps of:

[(l)] ~~(k)~~ pouring said the unreceived and/or improperly received [frustum-shaped]

individual elements again onto said surface of said new substrate;

[(m)] (l) repeating said shaking followed by said step of removing until all said receptors are filled with said [frustum-shaped] individual elements.

3. The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of providing said original substrate, said release member comprises a release layer, a temporary carrier or a release tape.
 4. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of [shaping] defining said individual elements, [said] a shape of [said] a conical frustum is achieved by a method comprising isotropic etching.
 5. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of fabricating said first set of electrically conductive contacts, said rings [are made of] include a metal selected from a group comprising gold, aluminum, and titanium-tungsten.
 6. The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of providing said new substrate, said new substrate is made of a material selected from a group comprising semiconductor materials, glass, and plastic.
 7. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of providing said new substrate, said volume of each of said receptors is between about 5% to about 10% larger than said volume of each of said [conical frustum-shaped] individual elements.
 8. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of fabricating said
-

second set of electrically conductive contacts, said electrically conductive contacts [are made of] include a metal selected from a group comprising gold, aluminum, and titanium-tungsten.

9. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein [in] said step of applying said electrically conductive [material, said comprises] substance includes applying and partially curing a unidirectionally conductive resin.

10. (Amended) The method according to Claim [8] 2, wherein in said step of applying and partially curing said unidirectionally electrically conductive resin, said resin is applied by a method comprising steps of:

(a) coating said top surface of said new substrate and an inside area of said receptors with said unidirectionally electrically conductive resin; and

(b) removing said electrically conductive resin from said new substrate so that [only said bottom surface and said electrically conductive contacts formed thereon remain coated with] said unidirectionally electrically conductive resin remains only in said receptors.

11. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of [raising] inclining said new substrate[, said] inclines said substrate at [comprises] an angle between about 30 degrees and about 60 degrees.

12. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of pouring and shaking of said freed [truncated] individual elements, said shaking is achieved by applying vibrational or ultrasonic energy to said new substrate.

13. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein in said step of removing of said unreceived [untrapped] and/or improperly [trapped truncated] received individual elements, said removing is achieved with a use of motorized mechanical means.

14. The method according to Claim 3, wherein said temporary carrier is attached to said original semiconductor substrate using a removable adhesive, said removable adhesive comprising a wax.

15. The method according to Claim 5, wherein said first set of electrically conductive contacts are fabricated by a method comprising metal deposition by evaporation and/or sputtering followed by etching using a photolithographic mask.

16. The method according to Claim 8, wherein said second set of electrically conductive contacts is fabricated by a method comprising deposition by evaporation and/or sputtering followed by etching using a photolithographic mask.

17. The method according to Claim 9, wherein said unidirectionally conductive resin is a Z-axis epoxy resin.

18. (Amended) The method according to Claim 1, further [comprising] including a method for monitoring and correcting following said transferring of said individual elements, said method for monitoring and correcting comprising steps of:

(a) applying voltage pulse waveforms to said second set of electrically conductive contacts;

(b) measuring a current pulse generated as a result of said applying of said voltage pulse waveforms; and

(c) repeating said steps of applying of said voltage pulse waveforms and of measuring of said current pulse with each receptor.

19. (Amended) The method according to Claim 18, further comprising, in case of absence of said current pulse, steps of:

(a) said shaking of said new substrate;

(b) said pouring of freed [frustum-shaped] individual elements onto the higher end of the surface of said new substrate circuit elements;

(c) said removing of [untrapped] unreceived and/or improperly [trapped conical frustum-shaped] received individual elements;

(d) said applying of said voltage pulse waveforms;

(e) said measuring of said current pulse; and

(f) repeating said steps (a)-(e) until all said receptors are properly filled with said [frustum-shaped] individual elements.

20. (Amended) The method according to Claim 19, wherein in said step of shaking of

said freed [frustum-shaped] individual elements, said shaking is achieved by applying vibrational or ultrasonic energy toward said original substrate.

21. (Amended) The method according to Claim 20, wherein in said step of removing of said [untrapped] unreceived and/or improperly [trapped conical frustum-shaped] received individual elements, said removing is achieved [with a] by use of motorized mechanical means.
